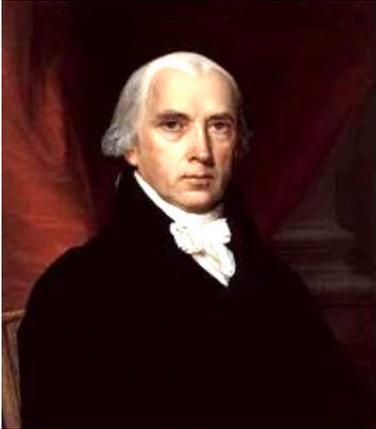




## 1776 American Empowered August 2021 Newsletter

*Empowering We the People*



Knowledge will forever govern ignorance; and a people who mean to be their own governors must arm themselves with the power which knowledge gives.

(James Madison)

### What was the United States and What will it become?

The character of our country is slowly being eroded. How our country was originally set up and what our country is ultimately going to become are two very separate things. The founding fathers, who had lived under the rule of a monarchy, wanted to have a different kind of government for our country. They understood what happens when the people do not have any voice in their laws and do not have representation in the government.

They decided to found our our country on a constitution that would protect all the people, whether they were part of a majority or were considered part of a majority group. To accomplish this, the United States of America was set up originally as a **constitutional republic**. So let's define what that means.

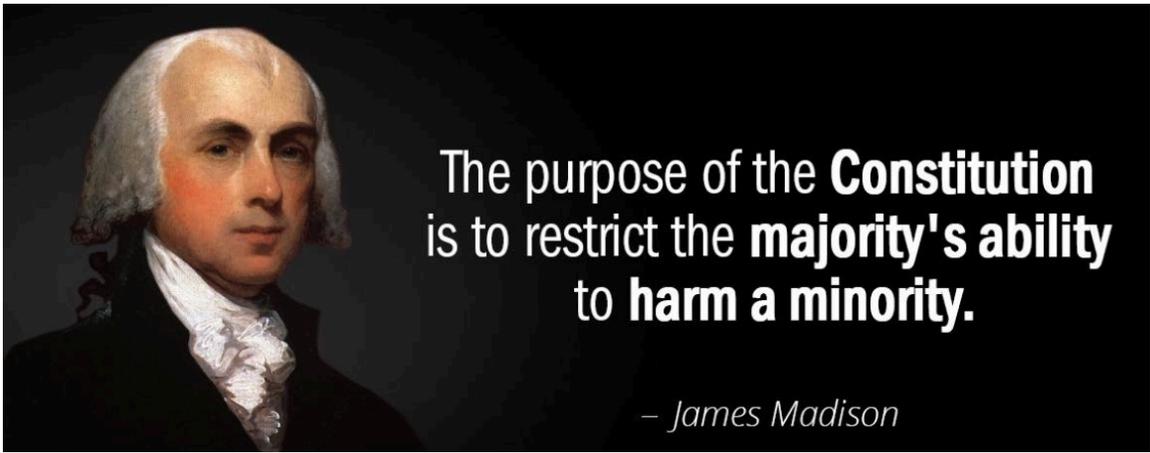


### What is a Republic?

A republic is a form of government in which the state or country is ruled by representatives of the citizens body. Every republic system is a system in which the common people are involved in the affairs of the government. The word republic comes from the Latin phrase “res publica,” which literally means the public thing.

A republic could be thought of as a representative democracy in which individual citizens do not directly exercise legislation. The citizens delegate that task to people that they elect to represent them. Those elects are given legislative authority to vote on laws.

**The best way to sum it up - in a republic, laws are made by representatives, who were chosen by the people. They must comply with a constitution that specifically protects the rights of the minority from the will of the majority.**



## What is a Democracy?

The definition of democracy by Merriam Webster: “democracy is government by the people: especially rule of the majority.

It is a system of rule by laws not by individuals. In a democracy the rule of law protects the right of citizens, maintains orders, and limits the power of government. In democracy the power is vested in the people and exercised by them directly. However they are allowed to use elected representatives. The word democracy is derived from the Greek “demokratia” which described the political systems used in the Greek city - states such as Athens.

Democracy is different from a republic; In a democracy, the whole population or all the eligible members are involved directly with the lawmaking. The general public has the supreme power to decide what laws are needed. They then vote for representatives to enact the laws and run the regulations. The majority of the population has the right to vote and elect the representatives. The main focus is to ensure that the general will of the voting majority prevails.



**Majority Wins**

## What is the difference between a Republic and a Democracy?

The way that the founding fathers thought of these two concepts is best summed up in their own words. James Madison described it this way: “It [the difference] is that in a democracy, the people meet and exercise the government in person: in a republic, they assemble and administer it by their representatives and agents. A democracy, consequently, must be confined to a small spot. A republic may be extended over a large region.”

### Key features of each, nicely summed up courtesy of Thoughtco.com

- Republics and democracies both provide a political system in which citizens are represented by elected officials who are sworn to protect their interests.
- In a pure democracy, laws are made directly by the voting majority leaving the rights of the minority largely unprotected.
- In a republic, laws are made by representatives chosen by the people and must comply with a constitution that specifically protects the rights of the minority from the will of the majority.
- The United States, while basically a republic, can be described as a “representative democracy.”

## REPUBLIC

A form of government in which a state is ruled by representatives of the citizen body

People vote for the representatives who later decide the laws

Every citizen votes and elects their representatives

Rules are set by the law or the constitution

Main focus is the constitution

## DEMOCRACY

A form of government by the whole population or all the eligible members of a state, typically through elected representatives

General public has the supreme power to decide and set the laws, they then vote for the representatives who can enact those laws and regulations

Majority of the state has the right to vote and elect the representatives

General public decides the rules

Main focus is the general will of the citizens

Visit [www.PEDIAA.com](http://www.PEDIAA.com)

**Answer to the first question -**

**What was the United States?**

A Constitutional Republic which is ruled by laws made by representatives chosen by the people and must comply with a constitution that specifically protects the rights of the minority from the will of the majority.

A republic could be thought of as a Representative Democracy in which individual citizens do not directly exercise legislation but delegate that task to people that they elect to represent them. Those elects are given legislative authority to vote on laws.

The answer to the second question is not as easily answered.

## What will the United States Become? And Why...

At the very least, if we continue down the path that is being followed, the United States will become what is modestly called a Social Democracy.

### What is Social Democracy?

According to Merriam- Webster it is a political movement advocating a gradual and peaceful transition from capitalism to socialism by democratic means.

According to The American Heritage Dictionary, it is a moderate political philosophy or ideology that aims to achieve socialistic goals within capitalist society such as by means of a strong welfare state and regulation of private industry.

For more information on the various types of government by socialism and totalitarianism, go to our website - [Forms of Government](#)

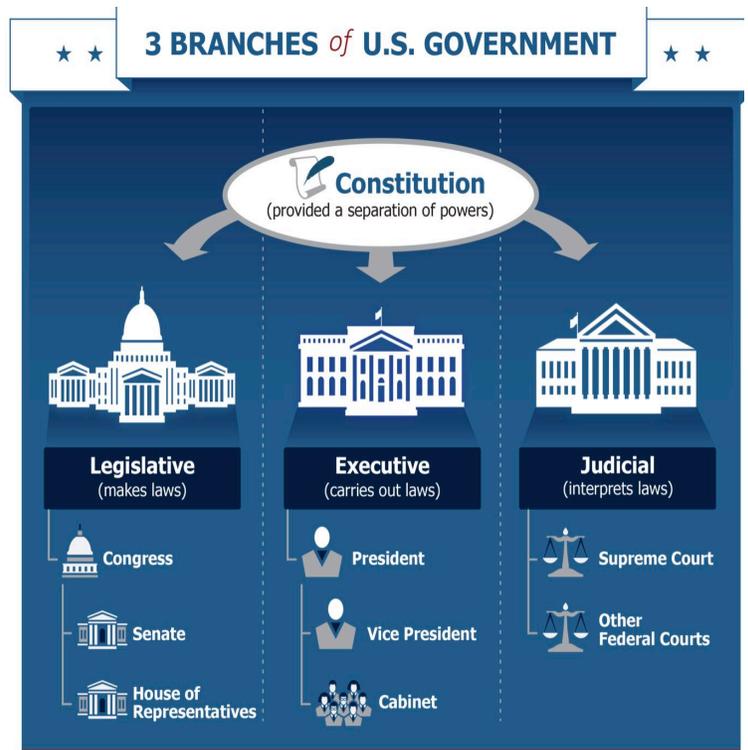
### The slow migration and loss of Power by the people from a Republic to Big Government

To see how this all this will come into being, we have to remember how the Constitution delineated power in our government. Three branches to rule over the population and over each other.

The Legislative Branch - **Elected representatives** to the government that will pass laws.

The Judicial Branch - These **appointed individuals** are to interpret the laws passed against the Constitution for validity.

The Executive Branch - This **elected official** is to oversee our military and to execute the law.



The Constitution of the United States divides the federal government into three branches to make sure no individual or group will have too much power:

- Legislative—Makes laws (Congress, comprised of the House of Representatives and Senate)
- Executive—Carries out laws (president, vice president, Cabinet, most federal agencies)
- Judicial—Evaluates laws (Supreme Court and other courts)

Each branch of government can change acts of the other branches:

- The president can veto legislation created by Congress and nominates heads of federal agencies.
- Congress confirms or rejects the president's nominees and can remove the president from office in exceptional circumstances.
- The Justices of the Supreme Court, who can overturn unconstitutional laws, are nominated by the president and confirmed by the Senate.

This ability of each branch to respond to the actions of the other branches is called the system of checks and balances.

It is often said we are a nation of laws. That is true, but where these laws are originating has changed radically. As you can see, the founding fathers wished for federal laws to originate in the House and Senate. The states could take care of the rest.

Now we find many of our laws and restrictions are coming from Agencies and Commissions.

## So what are Agencies and Commissions?

**Merriam-Webster says:**

### Definition of *agency*

**1a:** the office or function of an agent

**b:** the relationship between a principal and that person's agent

**2:** the capacity, condition, or state of acting or of exerting power : **OPERATION**

**3:** a person or thing through which power is exerted or an end is achieved : **INSTRUMENTALITY**

**5:** an administrative division (as of a government)

### In legalese from the Legal-Dictionary

A consensual relationship created by contract or by law where one party, the principal, grants authority for another party, the agent,

An agency relationship is created by the consent of both the agent and the principal;

**A more complicated situation arises when the agent possesses *apparent authority*.** In this case, the principal, either knowingly or even mistakenly, permits the agent or others to assume that the agent possesses authority to carry out certain actions when such authority does not, in fact, exist.

## Now let us complicate it even further and add commissions

### Definition of *commission*

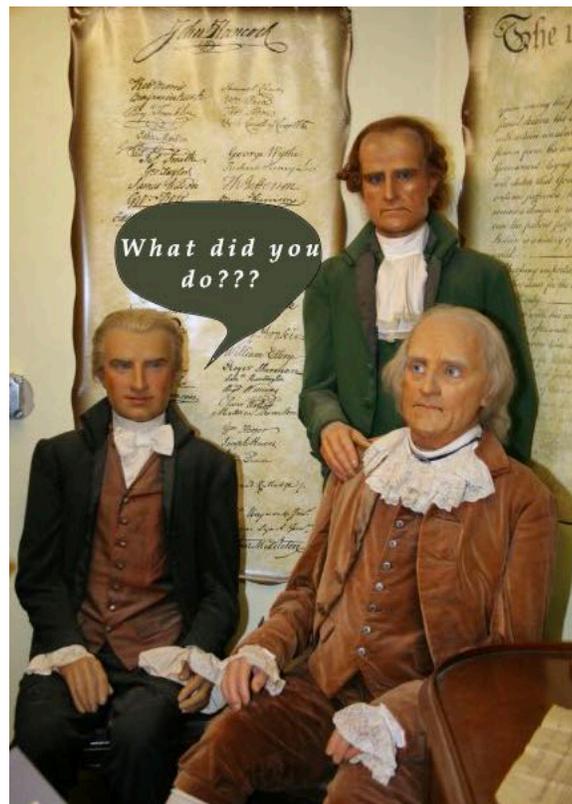
**1a:** a formal written warrant granting the power to perform various acts or duties

: authority to act for, in behalf of, or in place of another

**b:** a task or matter entrusted to one as an agent for another

**4a:** a group of persons directed to perform some duty

**b:** a government agency having administrative, legislative, or judicial powers



Now we have agencies and commissions, who are not elected; nor can ***we the people*** influence their powers UNLESS we ask our elected representatives to defund the agency. But many of them are independent and self funding.

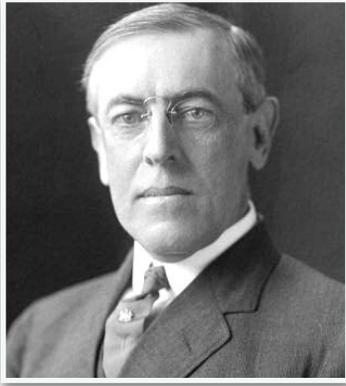
We will look at this in a bit.

The first agencies of the federal government were the Departments of War, State, Navy, and Treasury. There was also an Office of the Attorney General.

The growth of the country and the expansion of governmental responsibilities led to the creation of the Department of the Interior in 1849, the Department of Justice in 1870, and the Post Office Department in 1872. The oldest federal law enforcement agency in the United States is truly the Marshals Service. The agency was formed by the Judiciary Act of Sept. 24, 1789.

The period between 1865 and 1900 saw the birth of independent regulatory commissions. Congress created these agencies to set rates and bring order into industry competition. The first of these ***so-called economic regulatory agencies*** was the Interstate Commerce Commission.

## Enter the beginning of the Progressive Era and Progressive Control



President Woodrow Wilson was not only the 28th President, but he was also president of Princeton University, and briefly governor of New Jersey. He was the only professional political scientist to serve as a sitting President. He was a very prominent

academic and his beliefs in the power of the intellect governed his policies.

Wilson studied at John Hopkins University, which was founded to bring German principals and education into the United States.

He signed into law the federal income tax and federal reserve system.

He was one of the earliest Progressives; he felt the three branches of government actually were a handicap to the governmental system as they often did not work as a team to further the wishes of the ruling party.

Wilson loved the governmental structure of Great Britain, with one central leader and a Parliament to back up his wishes.

He voiced his disapproval of the separation of powers that were established by the Constitution and stated that they prevented a truly democratic government.

**His one main theme was that the elections and politics should be separated from the actual administration of government. Wilson felt that the running of the government should be done by nonpartisan, neutral experts.**

When studying Progressivism then and now, it can be seen that it diverges greatly from what the Founding Fathers had in mind when they wrote the Constitution. Progressivism is a conscious rejection of the main precepts of the Constitution.

**The Great Depression** was one of the best tools that were used to increase the size of government. President Roosevelt enacted many new agencies to counteract the financial woes of the country. *Roosevelt believed that the main task of statesmanship was to redefine our rights “in the terms of a changing and growing social order.”* While our Founders thought the truths they celebrated in the Declaration of Independence were self-evident, **Roosevelt felt the country needed a new self-evident ECONOMIC truth.**



The Supreme Court struck down many of his parts of the new deal because they stated it violated the 10th Amendment. “The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.” There was no specific powers given to the government to perform wage negotiation and prices or restrict production of farm produce, which were all added to the New Deal.

Roosevelt felt the Constitution, though basically a fine document, needed new and enlightened interpretation.

In other words, **IF** the courts did not agree with him, they were not serving the greater good with the greater number by not agreeing with all that was thrown into the New Deal.

## ***The End of Our Inalienable Rights - To govern ourselves as we see fit!***

At first, assigning duties to agencies aided the various branches of government to perform the various functions that were needed to keep law, regulate trade, and protect the nation.

However, it soon became apparent to the legislators that the agencies assumed too much power. They created the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) in 1946 to help regulate the way that agencies may propose and establish regulations.

The President, Franklin D. Roosevelt, signed the act for the APA with mixed emotions as it would slow down and restrict some to his "New Deal" plans in the wake of the Depression.

The APA is considered as serving as a sort of "constitution" for U.S. administrative law. However, it has not slowed down the creation of agencies and commissions in the Federal government.

Courtesy of the Center for Effective Government

**The Founders**, using a Biblical foundation, felt that all people are created equal and are born with the right to be free and not to be owned by others. No one has the right to make a slave of another.

**The Progressives** don't believe that humans are born free. The government must set up a path for them to become truly free by ensuring positive freedom, will instill in each person their true self worth and development.

**The Founders** felt that the purpose of government is to protect people from predators, but otherwise, leave people alone.

**The Progressives** feel it is the duty of the state to ensure the self development of each member of the society. Each must have equal access to all resources of education, employment, and wealth.

In order to ensure equal development of all of society, the government must ensure a transfer of wealth from those that have to those who have

If you are interested (or have masochistic tendencies) you can read the Government Manual that is supposed to give information on all the agencies to date. [Government manual](#)  
You will have to scroll down past the Declaration of Independence and Constitution. This will show you how high up in the thought process Agency Creation is set.

# The Rule of Law

*...requires consistency of interpretation. A law cannot be changed by the whim of some judge or magistrate, otherwise what you have is actually Rule of Man.*

*In order to have this consistency, all legal documents must be interpreted as the people who created and signed them intended, otherwise the people "discovering the meaning" are engaging in Rule of Man.*

*If THE DOCUMENT IS "LIVING", RULE OF LAW IS DEAD.*

## *Enter the Right of Assignment*

Progressives believe our freedoms and rights must be assigned to us through the laws, mandates and decrees that the government issues in order to guarantee equal distribution of those rights.

When someone is born in the United States, they are to be registered with the government by way of documentation verifying birth and the assignment of a social security number.

From the moment we are born, we fall under regulations from agencies within the Federal Systems and State Systems. Parents have limited controls and these are regulated within the home and without.

This also applies to where we live, work, play, and socialize. There is a regulation in almost every facet of our lives. And if the system was not broken enough by the political atmosphere, the economic plights due to the Covid pandemic legalities guaranteed complete and heavy handed controls to those agencies we never elected.

Our Constitution setup three branches to our government - Executive to enforce the laws, Legislative to make the laws, and the Judicial Branch to Interpret the laws. Checks and balances.

Now we have Agencies that often perform all three duties making the regulations, enforcing the regulation, and interpreting what their own regulations require.

There are close to 500 agencies in the Federal Government and each state has its own agencies. That is a lot of people working for the government...the considered experts to administer day to day operations...*OURS???*

## *Summation*

Our country was founded on the principals of unalienable rights for all. The Constitution was crafted in such a way as to guarantee that all people will be treated the same regardless of race, religion, and sex. These rights were designed as a protection from big government interference and control, by the very Constitution that the Progressives want to dismiss.

Although we were setup to be a republic, we are not a republic or a democracy anymore. Remember, in a Republic, the citizens elect representatives, who make the laws, which abide by the Constitution. In a Democracy, the general population makes the laws and then elects representative to enact the laws. So **the difference is the focus - the Republic is focused on the Constitution, whereas the Democracy is focused on the will of the majority.**

We are very quickly becoming a Social Democracy, which will increase a strong welfare state and regulation of private industry. By using economic crisis and pandemic decrees, the state and federal governments have overstepped their authority and have placed Agencies and Commission above the will of We the People!



## Then and Now

I'm going to use a lesson we learned from Germany back in the 1920s, 30s, and 40s. The rise to power of Adolf Hitler is not only a good example in history, but also can be correlated to events that are happening today in our country.

Germany was having difficulty with its new republic in 1919. The Weimar Republic, which was a constitutional republic, was a very weak regime due to hyperinflation and political instability. After the first world war, it came to an end, and Kaiser Wilhelm II abdicated, leaving the Germans very upset with their new situation. They wanted something like what they had before - they wanted to have a returned to the empire type of life.



Then in 1930, when the great global depression took place, Germany could no longer pay its war reparations. Millions of Germans lost their jobs,



families were starving, and the future looked bleak. All of this added up to a political advantage. As the expression goes “no good



crisis goes unused” Hitler saw an advantage in a very sad and disgruntled country. He was extremely smart when it came to politics and he learned from his mistakes.

## Birth of the Nazi Party

A small political party came into being called the National Socialist German Workers Party - or in German, Nationalsozialistische Deutsche Arbeiterpartei (NSDAP). This party was founded in 1920 and was puttering along until Hitler came in with his oratory skills. This boosted up the membership. However he made a boo-boo thinking this was enough for him to take control, he tried governmental coup. It failed and 1924, he was thrown into jail and the NSDAP was banned.

During Hitler's five year term in jail, he wrote Mein Kampf, which gave him a chance to formulate and list his plans for the takeover of Germany. He decided that he would stick to using legal means to gain power. When the great depression came in, he saw an advantage. It gave him a verbal platform to condemn the government and all their treaties.



Hitler spread his message; he did not focus in on one particular target group, but instead appealed to all types of voters. He wanted to attract as many people as he possibly could to his resurrected political party. Although initially, the NSDAP grew with his influences, by 1930 his party seem to be waning a little bit.

## Problem - The economy bounced back

The economy was coming back and his re-formation of the NSDAP had received fewer votes in their July elections than they had the year before. Because of their weakening position, other conservative parties started to pressure von Hindenburg, who was the

president at the time, to appoint Hitler as chancellor.

**Remember, the Nazi Party was Perceived as a Conservative, Patriotic Party!**

So in January, 1933 Hitler became Chancellor of Germany and immediately began to installed his plan - **the legal takeover of Germany**. He used political tactics and he forced a very very weak parliament to back what he wanted. Within six months, he had become the ultimate leader of the Third Reich (which means third realm or third empire).

We're going to look at some of the tactics he used to accomplish this and see if there's any correlation with some of the things that are happening today in our society, structure, and government.

The German version of a parliament was called the Reichstag. By using a mixture of negotiation and intimidation, Adolf Hitler was able to *encourage* the Reichstag to go along with what he was asking. There was one particular bill that he wanted passed called **the Enabling Act**. In 1933, shortly after he became chancellor, the Reichstag members voted and passed it.

This gave Hitler what is called **plenary authority or plenary power**. According to US constitutional law, plenary power is a power that is granted to a body or person in **absolute terms**, with no review of limitations until the exercise of that power takes place.

The assignment of a plenary power to one body trickles down to all other associated bodies, giving them the right to exercise that power where not otherwise entitled. And they are not subject to judicial rule in any particular instance or in general.

We'll talk at length about this a little later as it is this type of power that has overtaken us in our current situation.

Hitler had the ability to rule by an emergency decree for four years even though Van Hindenburg was still president. It was supposed to be temporary, for four years. But we know how that all went. The power did not infringe on President Hindenburg, and Hitler did not become the ultimate dictator until Hindenburg died in August of 1934.

Remember one thing - Hitler was interested in becoming a dictator. He did not want socialism and he did not want communism, which is a type of socialism. He wanted fascism, and so this was his ultimate goal. We have to consider what the ultimate goal is in the minds of the governmental powers for our country - socialism or communism **or is it something else?**

So let's talk about a few of the things that Hitler did to acquire ultimate power and compare then to now.

1. Hitler did not want any competition from other political parties. One thing that was taking place in that area and had a foothold, was the communist party. Although they were not a ruling party, they did pull members away from the Nazi Party. Hitler was vehemently against communism, which was the opposite of what he had in mind for the country. So one of the first things he did was to ban any communistic meetings.
2. He also did not want to compete with any social Democrats, so he then banished all Social Democratic meetings. Remember, both of these were socialistic parties.

**Today** our Constitution allows *we the people* to have political party meetings; however, the opposition has villainized some political parties to such an extent, that everybody looks at it as being either ineffectual or a malefactor. This works especially well if you can use the media

and marketing techniques (**the Pete and Repeat methods**) to accomplish that.

3. Hitler shut down the press to prevent any negative information (about what he or the Nazi Party were doing) from getting out. He later reopened a few of them under control of his minions; they only allowed certain things to be printed - all positive and inspirational towards the Nazi party.

**Today**, The media has been purchased and is controlled by people and groups with leftist agendas. They don't publish the news in a neutral fashion. The media has become political weapons that can be used to influence public opinion to the point of swaying it to accept and blindly follow all that they are told.

4. Hitler made deals and promises for the trade unions. He wanted to have them in his pocket, and then once he did he shut them down. He did not allow trade unions or collective-bargaining. This caused unrest with the working class and clashes were inevitable.



**Today**, the unions across the country have been politicized. Unions were originally developed to help interface and protect the workers. But now they're used to influence, cajole, and intimidate the workers to vote a certain way. The new bill that has been proposed called the Pro Act will be used to expand the power of the unions. It also will force businesses to share employees personal information with the unions, without their consent.

Unions **today** are actually in place of the strong arm groups that Hitler used to bend the will of the people. A large sector of our population belong to unions and have to survive in a union atmosphere. Using psychological techniques using repetitive trainings, lectures, and pressures, unions are able to influence their membership to vote certain ways. Thank heavens not all members do so.

5. Hitler also controlled telegraph and telephone use within the country.

**Today** with the advent of cell phones, faxes, and email, our communications are governmentally monitored 24/7 - "To keep us Safe". Much of the data is stored behind the scenes for the protection of our country – and definitely not for the privacy of our country. The secret location of the storage of all this information came in to the news a few years ago, but not much has been done about that since.

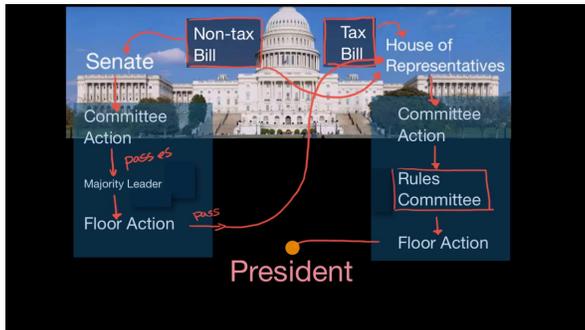
6. Hitler did not dissolve the Reichstag, but he did pull its teeth.

Since the Nazi party did not have the majority of seats in the parliament, the game control his group use was to prevent the opposition from voting. That way he was able to get things voted in when he wanted them.



**Today**, if something is going to be voted on that they want to have passed or not passed, they just don't show up to cast a vote. Or they filibuster (continue to dominate the floor to prevent a vote) until the legislature or the session expires. On February 7, 2018, [Nancy Pelosi](#) set a record for the longest speech on the House floor (8 hours and 7 minutes) to get what they wanted with the vote. Or the Speaker of the House or the President of the Senate do not

even allow the bill to be read. All legal and all a good way to stop legislative action. This way, they stop or force a no-vote situation. Legislative control.. Here is a good presentation about how our bills are passed. Click on the



picture to run the film.

7. One of Hitler's Hitler's most dominating and successful ruses was actually instigated by Hermann Göring.

They set fire one night to the Reichstag. The blaze and subsequent damage was then blamed on radical groups and the Jews. There were also clashes in the streets, violence, and burnings all of which were blamed on other groups - anyone but the Nazi party (who actually was the



responsible group). On February 28, 1933 the Enabling Act that Hitler so desired was put into place. This law enabled Hitler to circumvent the German constitution. This gave a total suspension of personal liberty, free expression, press, assembly, the postal telegraph and telephone and how seizures. All of this was done **in the name of security for the people**. It was to protect the people from all these groups.

However, it was the Nazi party and others such as the brown shirts (SA) which caused most of the damage and injuries.

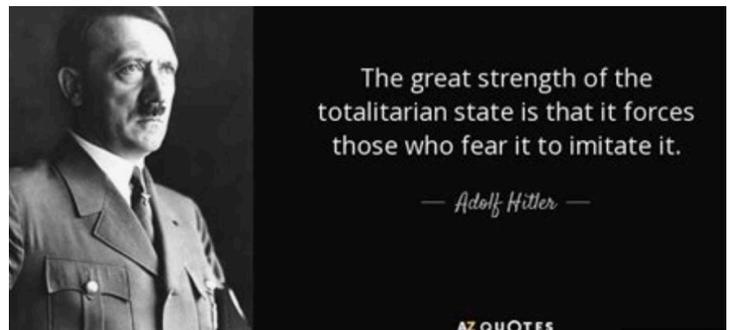
No good emergency gets used; the enabling act was put into place **for protection of the people**.

**Today**, we have had a few emergency situations that have been used to the advantage of enlargement and socializing of the government - two of which are: the great depression, was **a financial crisis**, and the second one was the pandemic of COVID-19. This has now led into **the great medical crisis**. Because of the pandemic, personal health choices are being eliminated or are in the process of being eliminated. Since we are in the middle of this particular crisis, it will be very interesting to see just how far the federal government goes as well as the state governments go to curtail our activities, our businesses, and our lives.

**Food for thought** courtesy of the thoughtco.com

## Totalitarianism

Totalitarianism is a form of government that prohibits opposing political parties and ideologies, while controlling **all** aspects of the public and private lives of the people. Under a totalitarian regime, all citizens are subject to the absolute authority of the state.



A financial crisis works out very well for a socialistic type of government, of that I'm sure . With the way our government is spending money, we are well on our way to another financial crisis again. The government is printing out and spending money so fast that it won't be long at all before the country is in such a financial crisis it'll cause another panic around the world. People don't seem to believe this, and they cannot understand that services and products must be paid for and you cannot give money away without somebody paying for it. Currently, we are borrowing from foreign countries and floating bonds. Taxes will rise.

To top it off, the government has a few other weapons that Hitler did not even have - like the IRS, or the FBI; these are very effective if you want to scare people to death or confiscate what they're trying to do and shut them down. Controls from agencies and mandates from commissions - all our ways to control society and force them down a cattle chute from which they don't feel they can turn around or change.

To see how debt is affecting us as a nation and as an individual go to: [National Debt Clock](#)

Control of business, control of finances, control of the media. All of these things are targets for the US socialistic empire that is being built.

8. Hitler use bullying tactics constantly. If he couldn't persuade or control in some manner, he would use bullying tactics to enforce his will. He had an entire squad of leaders and militia (SA) to accomplish this.

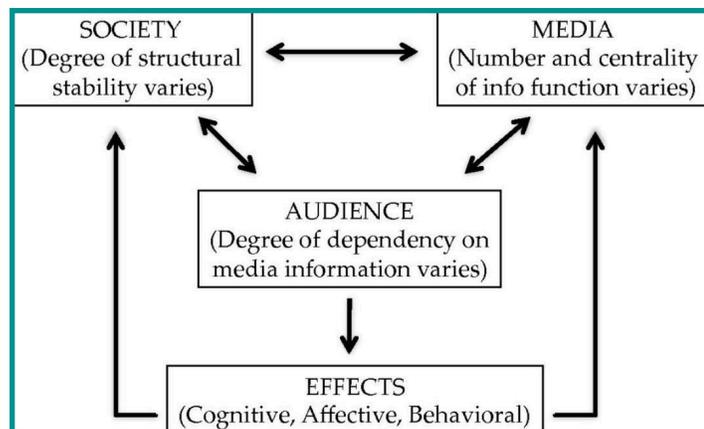
Today we have social media acting in the place of the SA. We also have Antifa and BLM who also use bullying tactics. Destruction of property, threats, and social attacks on Facebook, Twitter, and other media causes people to pull their heads in and act like turtles. This is exactly what they want. And they have the practice down to a science. No resistance - legally!



We talked a little bit about agencies, commissions, and mandates. We're going to go into mandates in our next newsletter more thoroughly, but it is easy to see where we have lost control of our government. It no longer serves the population. It serves itself. It's sort of like that movie about the giant computer brain that was designed to keep a protective eye on the population. However, when it ran amuck, and they tried to shut it off, it took over and was self-sustaining. It defended itself with lethal accuracy.

Our government behaves now as if it owns us, and it is a privilege, not a right to live and work in this country. We have to get permission for almost everything we do; I'm waiting for them to charge us for our sleep.

The plenary clauses and legal implications we need to discuss in our next newsletter. It's because of the way our Founders set up the Constitution that our government has been able to make up agencies, giving them power when they actually didn't receive it, fund and tax, and then grow exponentially.



Information courtesy of the book Rise and Fall of the Third Reich by William Shirer, Wikipedia.com, and Thoughtco.com.

# *Empowering We the People*

## Who are We?

1776 American Empowered is a Constitutional Advocacy and an Alliance. Our objective is to unify our grassroots groups across America that share common goals. We want to give them a platform to grow and network with other groups to ensure that their voices are heard in their federal, state, and local districts.

Join us next Month for our exposé on Deep State -what is it really?

## Our Goals

1. **Create an environment which allows grassroots groups to exchange ideas and values with each other uncensored.**
2. **Provide them with resources and network capability to communicate their demands to legislators and officials effectively.**
3. **Education hub through use of modern communication for all age groups: podcasting, videos, lectures, and social media.**

Join us at:

[1776AmericanEmpowered.com](http://1776AmericanEmpowered.com)

We would love to hear from you. For information about the articles or suggestions for new topics to explore, please contact us.

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Or call (844) 925-1776

**1776 AMERICAN EMPOWERED**

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**Douglassville, PA 19518**

At 1776 American Empowered, we are opening up new avenues for grassroots groups to communicate with each other. We will be starting new Podcast programming, communication platforms, and so much more.

But this Is very expensive and we are asking that you setup a monthly donation. Even \$3.00 per month, which most people would not even miss, will make a huge difference for us.

Please consider the auto donate and help us reach more and more grassroots groups to unite them and to help preserve our Constitutional Heritage!

**Donations**

